NUMB. 899

The Daily Gazetteer.

THURSDAY, MAY 11. 1738.

№ 898.

THE World ſeems to be intirely govern'd by Faſhion; our Education, Conduct, Behaviour, all our Actions, whether of a publick or a private Nature, are chiefly controuled and directed by that wild and wanton Guide; we act, we ſpeak, nay, in many Inſtances, we even think, as we perceive others do, and follow implicitly wherever we are led, without knowing or inquiring where we are going; and every one who does not join in this grand Chorus, is look'd upon as a vain, a conceited, a proud, or a whimſical Perſon.

THIS is the Reaſon that moſt People aſſume Characters which ſo ill become them, and which they are ſo utterly incapable of ſupporting; the profound Regard and Veneration that are paid to great Parts, Abilities and Eloquence, make every one endeavour to be thought a Genius, an Orator, and a Man of extraordinary Talents and Accompliſhments; this fills States and Senates with Speakers and Law-givers, and the World with Fools and Madmen.

NOR is it only the preſent Age that is under this fantaſtick Influence, but every Period of Time has been diſtinguiſhed by ſome darling and prevailing Faſhion. Sometimes there has been no Glory like that which was to be acquired in War, and then every Man has fancy'd himſelf a Hero, and was for binding his Brows with Lawrel; at another time People have run mad with Religion, and then they were all Preachers and Prophets; from thence the Tranſition has been (and naturally enough) to Infidelity and Atheiſm, and then it has been looked upon to be the Mark of a narrow Education, and beneath a Gentleman to believe in God.

SOMETIMES the Humour of the Times has happen'd to run upon Love and Gallantry, and then *He* has been in the higheſt Reputation who has had the moſt Intrigues, and therefore every one has endeavoured to raiſe his Character by pretending to extraordinary Succeſſes with the Fair. When Wit and Poetry have been in Faſhion, every Man who has had any Thoughts of making a Figure in the World, or of riſing in the Law, the Church or the State, has pretended to Wit and Poetry; and ſo in all other Caſes, whatever the Faſhion has happened to be.

THUS the World always appears in Maſquerade; out of an Apprehenſion that we ſhall make a very indifferent Figure in our real Character, we aſſume a fictitious one, and ſtrut about in borrowed Ornaments, which not being fit for us, become us leſs than our own plain homely Cloaths would do; we ſeem aſham'd of the Condition and Station that Fortune has placed us in, and therefore do all we can to conceal them from the World. Are we born of mean, obſcure Parents? 'Tis the Faſhion to go to the Herald's Office to get ourſelves inrolled in another Family. Are our Circumſtances ſtrait and narrow? The ſame Principle carry us on to ſpend what little we have, to keep it a Secret from the Publick, and to make Mankind believe we abound in Wealth and Affluence. Have we ever ſo moderate Abilities? We take all the Pains that is poſſible to paſs for Men of Parts and Genius, and in order that People ſhould imagine we have extraordinary Talents, we often act in ſuch a manner as to convince them that we are out of our Senſes.

BUT indeed, this idle and vain Affectation of being thought what we really are not, and what if we would impartially examine our own Hearts a Moment, we ſhould find it is abſolutely out of our Power ever to be, naturally leads us into a maze of Errors and Abſurdities, and makes us blindly blunder on from Folly to Folly, from one Impertinence to another, till we become the general Objects of Contempt and Ridicule, while we flatter ourſelves all the time, that we are taking the righteſt and propereſt Meaſures to make ourſelves eſteem'd and honour'd, admir'd and belov'd.

A young Fellow upon whom blind Fortune has been laviſh of her Favours, without any kind of Worth or Merit of his own, to intitle him to the leaſt Share of them, gets himſelf choſen into the Legiſlature of his Country; from that Moment he grows a Man of Conſequence; gives himſelf Airs of Importance; he riſes in his Imagination; he alters his Looks and Behaviour; his very Geſtures and Tone of Voice are different from what they were before; he breaks off all Acquaintance and Society with his old Friends and Companions, tho' perhaps every one has more Merit and more Senſe than himſelf; if he condeſcends now and then to take notice of them, he does it with ſuch an Air of Superiority, as makes his very Civilities an Inſult and an Affront; and as he hates and deſpiſes every Body, ſo he is in his Turn hated and deſpiſed by every Body, who has any knowledge of him, or any Converſe or Acquaintance with him.

HAVING no Talents for Buſineſs, and no Taſte for Pleaſure, he lays out his whole Time in what he calls the Service of the Publick; that is, in building Caſtles in the Air, and framing wild and ridiculous Schemes, which he is continually teazing other People with, in order to get them carried into Execution; for tho' he has not one Spark of Genius, nor one Faculty to diſtinguiſh him from the very loweſt of Mankind, yet he is not without Ambition, and his principal Aim is to appear a Man of Weight and Importance; and tho' his Projects and Propoſals are all abſurd and impracticable, yet if the Impoſſibility of complying with them ſhould be repreſented to him, let it be done in the eaſieſt and genteelſt Manner imaginable, he will always bear in his Heart the moſt implacable Rancour and Malice againſt the Perſon that is ſo faithful and honeſt to him, as to endeavour to make him ſenſible of the Extravagance of his Schemes, and impute the Miſcarriage of them to his Jealouſy, Suſpicion and Envy.

HE will particularly pretend to be very fond of reforming the Morals and Behaviour of the People, and be for introducing a Strictneſs and Auſterity of Life and Manners, by no Means practicable in a great and opulent City, and poſſibly more to the publick Prejudice than Benefit, if it were; while at the ſame time that he is inſiſting on ſuch Circumſpection and Severity of Deportment and Behaviour in others, he abandons himſelf, without Reſtraint or Meaſure, to his own Vices, and lays down narrow, little pitiful Rules for the Conduct of others, which he takes Care to be exempted from himſelf.

HE will in every thing be a buſy, officious Medler, continually prying into other People's Affairs, but making a Myſtery of the moſt inſignificant and trifling of his own; and in order to have it thought that he is truſted with Secrets, he will tell every thing that he knows, tho' by that Means he ſets his beſt Friends at Variance, if it is to be conceived that ſuch a one as he can have any Friends. He affects an extream Complacency and Softneſs in his Addreſs, and under a ſeeming placid Countenance, or rather ſomething which is between a Smile and a Grin, he carries a Heart full of Rancour and Malevolence againſt all Mankind; and tho' he durſt not avow his Reſentments, or ſpeak them plain and openly, yet he never forgives the leaſt Slight or Neglect that he imagines is put upon him, but while he carries it fair to a Man's Face, will endeavour to undermine and betray him.

IN a Word, with very bad Qualities of the Heart, and very low Faculties of the Mind, with a very groveling and ſordid Diſpoſition, with a very mean and narrow Soul, and a very low and ordinary Capacity, he has the Vanity and Folly to fancy that he is, in the general Opinion of the World, a Perſon of the moſt diffuſive Goodneſs and Humanity, of the moſt liberal, open, benevolent Heart, and of the moſt refin'd and exalted Underſtanding.

A Mail arrived Yeſterday from France, but brought nothing more Material than what follows.

LETTERS from Paris ſay, that on the 25th ult. O. S. died there in the 82d Year of his Age Anthony-Gaſton John Baptiſt, Duke of Roquelaure, Marquis of Biron, Dean of the Marſhals of France, Knight of the King's Orders, and Governor of Leictoure. By his Death the Title is extinct, he having left only two Daughters, viz the Princeſs of Pons, and the Princeſs of Leon. He has made a Will and a Codicil, by which he has appointed M. de Freſne, a Privy Counſellor, his Teſtamentary Executor, and the Chancellor, who is that Gentleman's Father, his Truſtee. He has bequeathed to each of his two Grandſons the Duke de Rohan and the Count de Marſan, 6000 Livres a Year; to the Prince de Camillo, the Count's Brother, 100,000 Livres ready Caſh, and the ſame Sum to the Duke de Rohan's Siſter; 3000 Livres Penſion to his Equerries, with all his Horſes and Equipage; 1500 Livres to his Secretary; 1000 Livres to his Steward, proportionable Annuities to all his other Officers, and a Year's Wages to each of his Livery Servants. He is ſucceeded as Dean of the Marſhals of France by the Marſhal de Bourg, who is now at Strasbourg.

'Tis ſaid that the Marſhal de Noailles has laid a Memorial before the King's Council, complaining of ſeveral Abuſes introduced in the Rules of the Nunnery of St. Cyr, and that Perſons are therein admitted who have not the Years nor the Qualifications requiſite. According to the Inſtitution of this Convent, which was founded in 1686 by Lewis XIV. the ſame is to conſiſt of 50 Ladies, 36 Lay-Siſters, and 250 Maidens, each of which latter is to be full 7 Years old, and to produce Proofs of their Nobility by four Deſcents: And they are not to continue there after they are 20 Years of Age.

IRELAND.

Dublin, May 2. The Hon. Byſſe Moleſworth, Eſq; is made Collector of Colrain, in the room of —— Sandford, Eſq; deceaſed.

Letters Patent have paſs'd the Great Seal of Ireland, containing a Grant from his Majeſty unto Robert Marſhal, Eſq; Counſellor at Law, of the Office and Place of his Majeſty's Third Serjeant at Law in this Kingdom, in the room of Henry Purdon, Eſq; deceaſed.

Laſt Saturday Night a Fellow who keeps a Cellar in Barrack-ſtreet, fractured the Skull of one of the Soldiers in our Barracks with a great Club, ſo that his Brains came out; he languiſhed until Yeſterday Morning and then died; the Fellow was committed to Newgate.

On Sunday Night William Adams, the Beadle of St. Paul's Pariſh, being appointed Deputy Conſtable of the Watch of the ſaid Pariſh, oppoſed ſeveral idle drunken Fellows, who were going to cut down for a May Pole or Buſh, one of the Ornamental Trees planted in a Walk near the Church in Oxmantown Green, for which they moſt barbarouſly beat and abuſed, and afterwards threw him off Ellis's Bridge, at the End of Queen-ſtreet, into the Liffey, and drowned him; he was found Yeſterday Morning between the ſaid Bridge and the Old Bridge. The ſame Night the Lord Mayor, with the Aſſiſtance of the Soldiers, pull'd down ſeveral May Buſhes in and about this City that had been ſet up by the Mob.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Gloucester, May 6. On Thurſday Evening a Man who called at the Blue Bowl, about five Miles from this City, in the Oxford Road, ſaid his Name was Turpin: He had a Scar in his Cheek, as deſcrib'd in the Gazette, and ſeem'd to be about his Age and Size: He further ſaid, that nothing troubled him but ſhooting the Man in Epping Foreſt, which he declared was the Man's own Fault; and that he never robb'd a poor Man in his Life: He was mounted on a ſcrub Horſe, whoſe Off Leg behind was lame; and was full of Money; and tho' he appeared to be ſomewhat diſguiſed in Liquor, he kept at a Diſtance, and threw the Landlord his Reckoning. He ſaid he had loſt a fine Gelding about a Week ago; and we hear that ſuch a one was taken up in Herefordſhire laſt Week, which was ſuppoſed to belong to a Highwayman.

HOME PORTS.

Liverpool, May 7. Arrived the Liverpool, William from Bremen.

Portſmouth, May 8. Yeſterday came to the Mother Bank the Charles, Steward, from London, with Stores for Georgia.

Pool, May 8. Since my laſt ſailed from hence the Unity, Thompſon; and the Elizabeth, Mills, for London; the Thomas, Gleed, for Dover, and the John and Mary, Weſton, to take in Corn at Lyme for Cadiz.

Deal,

Deal, May 9. Wind S. W. Came down and sailed the Exeter Merchant, Pearse, for Topsham; the Francis, Joad, for Lisbon; the ——, Dornford, for Viana. Remains the Dragon Man of War: Also the Hiscox, Saunders; the Betty Galley, Winsser, for Guisney.

Gravesend, May 9. Passed by here the West, Gilby, from Dunkirk.

LONDON.

By Advices from Cadiz received Yesterday, it appears the English there began to be upon their Guard against any Surprize, being rouzed by the vigorous Resolutions taken here; the Number of British Ships in the Bay of Cadiz, which amounted a little time before to near 150 Sail, being decreased to less than half that Number.

The St. George, Capt. Tanner, which sailed from New England in January last for London, and was thought by the Concerned to be lost, is happily heard of at Antigua, where she put in to repair some Damage received in a violent Storm, soon after her Sailing from New England.

We hear that Money will be forthwith sent down to the Nore to pay the Companies of his Majesty's Ships the Somerset and Edinburgh, to the 31st of December last, with two Months Advance to the new enter'd Men: And that Orders are gone to Portsmouth to pay the Lancaster, Ipswich, Berwick, Plymouth, Dragon, and Solebay Fireship in like Manner, as soon as possible.

The Alborough Fireship, and two Months Advance to the Chatham's Company, will be paid at the same Time.

Last Monday Morning died at his House at Waltham Green, William Cattle, Esq; formerly High Sheriff for the County of Wilts.

Yesterday Morning at six o'Clock, Daniel Hatt, Esq; with his Lady, Son and Daughter, in a Coach and Six, attended by two Servants on Horseback, going to his Seat in the County of Oxford, was attacked at Shephard's Bush by two Highwaymen, who robbed them of their Money, a Gold Watch, three Rings, &c. to the Value of 100 l. then order'd the Horsemen to dismount, turn'd their Horses loose, and then rode off towards Acton undiscovered

Last Tuesday a Presentation passed the Great Seal to enable the Rev. Henry Ricks, B. A. to hold the Vicarage of Newport, in the County of Essex and Diocese of London, void by the Cession of the last Incumbent.

The same Day a Dispensation passed the Great Seal to enable the Rev. John Bernard, B. D. Chaplain to the Right Hon. the Earl of Hyndford, to hold the Vicarage of Maddingley, in the County of Cambridge and Diocese of Ely, together with the Rectory of Moreton, in the County of Essex and Diocese of London.

Yesterday the first and fourth Troops of Life Guards, and the two Troops of Horse Grenadier Guards, performed their Manual Exercise in Hyde Park, and were afterwards review'd by their respective Colonels.

Yesterday at a Meeting of the Commissioners for building a Bridge at Westminster, Mr. Tuffnell and Mr. Jelfe were appointed Masons Mr. Ring and Mr. Barnard, Carpenters; Mr. La Beile, Engineer, and Mr. Graham Comptroller of the Works. The Bridge is to be built on Stone Piers, and covered with Wood.

Yesterday Roger Allen was tried at the Bar of the Court of King's Bench on the Riot Act, but was acquitted by the Jury, there having been Evidence given that he was a Lunatick.

We have an Account from Cambridge, that the Rev. Dr. Bentley, Master of Trinity College and Archdeacon of Ely, lay at the Point of Death.

Yesterday James Wheatley was committed to the Gatehouse, Westminster, by Nathaniel Blackerby, charged on the Oath of James Little, on a strong Suspicion of assulting him, in Company with another Person, on the Highway, at Nine o'Clock at Night, and robbing him of a silver Watch, one Guinea in Gold, 24 Shillings in Silver, and several other Things of Value.

		Morning	Evening
High Water this Day at London Bridge.	}	04 17	04 33

Bank Stock 140. India, 171 1-half, 172. South Sea 99 1-half, 99 3-8ths, 100. Old Annuity 100, 110 3-8ths to 1-4th. New ditto 110 1-4th to 1 half. Three per Cent 105. 7 per Cent. Loan 109 5-8ths. 5 per Cent. ditto 99. Royal Assurance 109 1-4th. London Assurance 14 5-8ths. African 13 3-4ths. India Bonds 6 l. 7 s. Premium. South Sea ditto, 11. 8 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 2 l. 12 s. 6 d. Premium. Salt Tallies 3 Prem. English Copper 3 l. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 5 1-half per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 2 per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 12 l.

Hand-in-Hand Fire-Office.

THE Directors give Notice, That a General Meeting of the Members of the said Society will be held at their Office in Angel-Court on Snow-Hill, this Day, being the 11th Instant, by Three in the Afternoon: Where all who have Insured are desired to be present.

This Day is Published,

THE Assembly's Shorter Catechism, rescu'd from the late Revisor, and Vindicator: Being a large Defence of that most excellent Compend of Divinity: To which is added, a Postscript, dedicated to the Congregation of Protestant Dissenters at Hackney, now under the Pastoral Care of the Rev. Mr. BARKER. Containing a very particular Answer to Mr. GIBBS's Letter.

Cease, my Son, to hear the Instruction that causeth to err from the Words of Knowledge, Prov. xix 27.

He goeth before them, and the Sheep follow him: For they know his Voice. And a Stranger will they not follow, but will flee from him: For they know not the Voice of Strangers, John x. 4, 5.

Search the Scriptures, John v. 39.

Printed for Joseph Davidson, at the Golden Lion in the Poultry.

N. B. *The above contains a particular Defence of each Question of the Catechism*

Just Arrived in the Wilmington, Robert Griffith, from Rotterdam,

A Quantity of fresh German Spa Water, most carefully taken up from the Pouhon Fountain, in an exceeding fine Season, when these Waters were in full Vigour, and their Goodness may be truly warranted. The Arms of Prince of Liege are impress'd in Glass on the Neck of each Flask, by special Privilege from his Highness, agreeable to the annexed Impression.

These Waters, with those of Pyrmont, Holt, Scarborough, Bristol, &c. are constantly sold in the utmost Perfection, and delivered to any Part of the Town at the usual Prices.

By THOMAS DAVIS,
(Purveyor of Mineral Waters to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales)
From his Water-Warehouse in St. Alban-street, Pall-mall.

This Day is Publish'd,

A Catalogue of the Libraries of the Right Rev. Father in God, Dr. WILLIAM FLEETWOOD, late Lord Bishop of Ely, and the Rev. Mr. Archdeacon FLEETWOOD, deceased. Consisting of a large Collection of Books near 10,000 Volumes in all Arts and Sciences,

Among which are the following.

Biblia Polyglotta, 8 vol ruled
Calmet's Commentaries, 9 v.
The Parma Medals, 10 v.
Labbe's Councils, 18 v
Wilkins's Councils, 6 v.
Field's Bib 2 v. *l. Pap. fine Cuts*
Fine Collection of Prints
Dorigny's Cartoons
Luxembourg Gallery
Vandycke's Heads, by Vandenender
Doletus's Commentary, 2 v.
Journals of the House of Lords, 93 vol.
Rolls in Parliament, 33 v.
Appeals in Parliament, 4 v.
Prynne's Records, 3 v
Sir W. Dugdale's Works, 14 v.
Grævius & Gronovius's Antiquities, 25 v.
Byzantine Historians, 31 vol. *compleat, Louvre Edit.*
Compleat Set of the Common Law Books
Political States, in 5 v *compleat*
Hist. Ecclesiast. par Fleury, 26 v. 4to
Votes of the House of Commons compleat, 36 v.
Sandrart's Works, 11 v.
Buckley's Thuanus, 7 v. *l. Pap.*
Victorius Tully, 4 v.
Benedictin Edit. of the Fathers
Minucius's Tully, 4 v.
Clarke's Cæsar, 2 v *lar. Pap.*
Harduin's Pliny, 3 v. *and most of the best Classicks*
Montfaucon's Antiq. lar. and small Paper, 15 v.
Corps Diplomatique, 12 v.
Stephen's Greek Thesaurus and most of the other scarce and valuable Dictionaries and Lexicons
Compleat Set of Dauphin Classicks in 4to.
The Variorum Classicks, compleat, in 140 v.
The Elzevir Classicks, bound in Morocco
Philosophical Transactions, compleat
The Histories of the several Counties in England
Rushworth's Collections, 8 v. *large Paper*
Bundy's Roman Hist. 6 v.
Hist. Romaine, par Catrou, 17 v. 4to.

Which will begin to be sold very cheap (the lowest Price mark'd in each Book) at T. OSBORNE's Shop in Gray's-Inn, on Wednesday the 10th Day of May 1738, and will continue all the Summer, it being the last Sale he will make this Season.

CATALOGUES to be had at the Place of Sale. Likewise the most Money for any Library or Parcel of Books.

This Day is Published,
The Eighth Edition, Corrected, and very much Enlarged, of

THE Present State of Great Britain and Ireland. In Three Parts.

The { I. Of the South } Britain.
{ II. Of the North }
{ III. Of Ireland }

CONTAINING,

An accurate and impartial Account of these famous Islands of their several Countries and Inhabitants, the Advantages and Disadvantages of both, in Respect to Foreign Countries and their Curiosities of Nature and Art; of the vast populous and opulent City of London, the Metropolis of England, and the two celebrated Universities, Oxford and Cambridge; of the Britons original Language, Temper, Genius, Religion, Morals, Trade, &c. their Nobility, Gentry, Clergy and Commonalty; their Laws and Government; and a succinct History of all the English Monarchs to this Time; with lists of the present Officers in Church and State, and of both Houses of Parliament, as well in Ireland as in Great Britain: also Catalogues of the English Baronets, with the Places of their Abode or Title, from their first Creation to the present Time; of the several Governors, Lords Procurators, General, Lord Wardens, and Lord Lieutenants of Ireland; Accounts of the Charity Schools and Manufactories, Governors of Hospitals, Companies, &c. Also the present State of his Majesty's German Dominions, with the Genealogical Account of the royal Family of his present Majesty King George the Second, at large.

N. B. The History of Scotland is intirely new done by a most ingenious and accurate Hand.

Printed for J. Brotherton, G. Strahan, E. Symon, and J. Clarke, in Cornhill; A. Bettesworth, C. Hitch, and R. Ware, in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is published,

I. A SERMON preached before the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, the Court of Aldermen, the Sheriffs, and the Governors of the several Hospitals of the City of London, at the Parish Church of St. Bridget, on Monday in Easter Week, 1738.

By the Right Reverend
Dr. THOMAS SECKER,
Lord Bishop of OXFORD

Also this Day is published,

II. A Sermon preached before the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, the Court of Aldermen, the Sheriffs, and the Governors of the several Hospitals of the City of London, at the Parish Church of St. Bridget, on Wednesday in Easter Week, April 5, 1738. By Edmund Bateman, D. D. Archdeacon of Lewes, Rector of St. Dunstan's in the East, and Chaplain to his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

Both printed for J. and J. Pemberton, at the Buck against St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-street.

Where may likewise be had,

III. A Sermon preached before the Society Corresponding with the incorporated Society in Dublin, for promoting English Protestant Schools. At their Anniversary Meeting in the Parish Church of St. Mary le Bow, on Friday March the 17th, 1737-8. By the Right Rev. Thomas Lord Bishop of Salisbury

IV. His Lordship's Sermon, preached before the Trustees of the Infirmary in James-street, Westminster, at the Parish Church of St Margaret, on Occasion of their Anniversary Meeting, April 26, 1735.

Of also the Third Edition, of

V. The Lord Bishop of Gloucester's Sermon, preached before the House of Lords, in the Abbey Church of Westminster, on Monday January 30th, 1737-8. Being the Day appointed to be observed as the Day of the Martyrdom of King Charles the First.

VI. The Lord Bishop of Bangor's Sermon, preached before the incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, at their Anniversary Meeting in the Parish Church of St. Mary le Bow, on Friday February the 17th, 1737-8.

To SMELL to, &c.
The Most Noble, Volatile SMELLING-BOTTLE *in the World, lately much improved.*

WHICH smelled to, instantly relieves Persons in the most dismal fainting or swooning FITS, and in a Moment removes Flushings, Vapours, Dulness, Head-ach, Megrims, &c. It takes off all heavy Sleepiness, retards Swoonings, keeps up the Spirits to a Miracle, and by its Use admits of no Fainting; but invigorates and enlivens the whole Man, recreates and makes chearful, tho' never so sad, and in a Moment raises all the sensitive Faculties.

It is also to be taken inwardly by Drops, which effectually takes off and eradicates the very Cause; for it potently relieves, comforts, and strengthens the Brain, creates and corroborates the Stomach, removes Sickness from it, helps Digestion, cleanses the Blood; and, in a Word, is the greatest Cephalick, Stomachick, Hepatick, and powerful Aromatick possible.

Whereas many Persons of both Sexes perfume their Handkerchiefs with a few Drops of it, and find that in using it so, it is of singular Service in all the Cases above-mentioned; and many Gentlemen, Ladies and Others use it after this Manner, purely because it gives a most fragrant and delicious Odour, that constantly both delights and relieves the Senses, not only better than any thing of a musky Kind, (which is really hurtful to most Constitutions) but it really takes off what such Things do occasion; and also relieves the Head and Brain from any ill Effects of common Snuff, and instantly diverts from, and prevents the bad Consequences of any sudden, nauseous, offensive Smells; therefore is extremely necessary for all Gentlemen, Ladies, &c. always to be carried in their Pockets.

Sold now only at Mrs. Markham's Toy-shop, at the Seven Stars under St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-street, and at Mr. King's Picture-shop in the Poultry, at 2 s. 6 d. each.

LONDON Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noster-Row*.